



# IMPLEMENTATION OF A SIMULATION ALGORITHM ON A MODELLING LANGUAGE

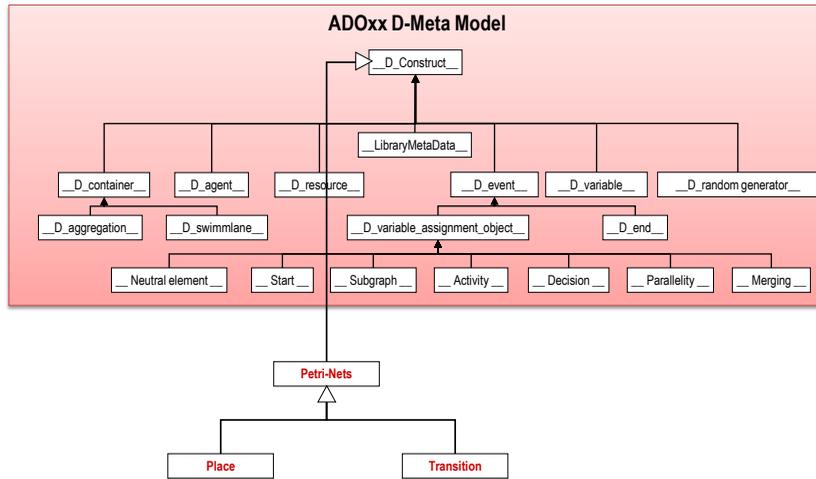
## Motivation



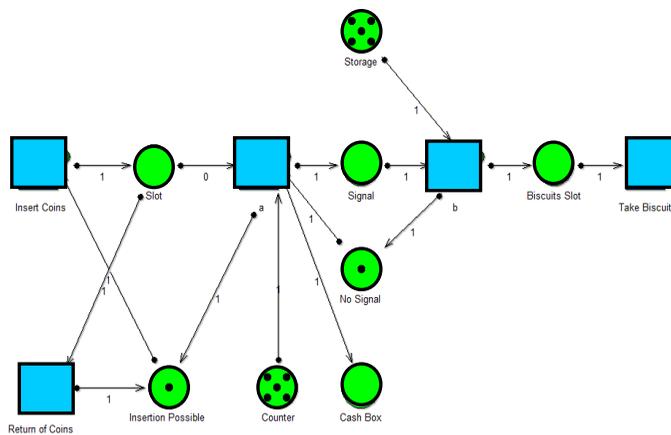
Create a Petri Nets Modelling Method that allow;

- Defining a **System**
- Defining **Active States** of the system
- Defining **Passive States**
- Defining **Relations** between active states and passive states
- Defining **Initial Resource Distribution**
- **Simulation** on defined system

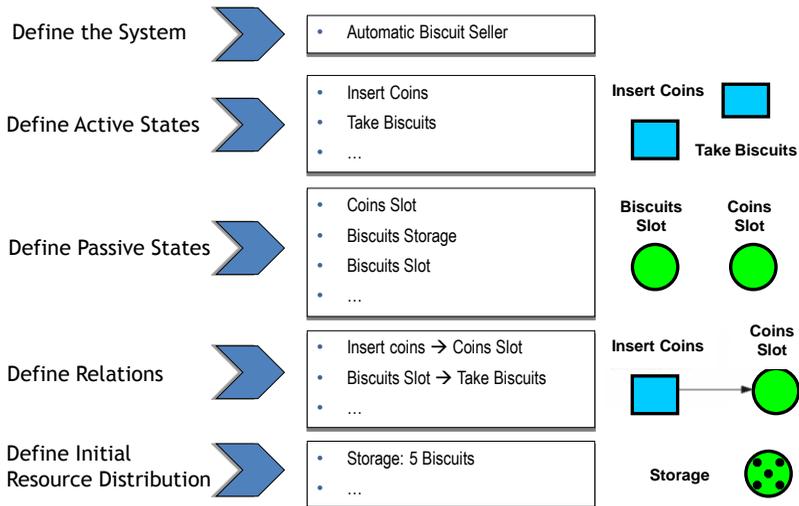
## Inheriting of Petri Nets-Meta Model from ADOxx D-Meta Model



## Sample System: Automatic Biscuits Seller



## Overview



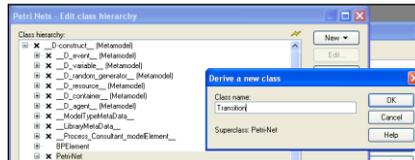
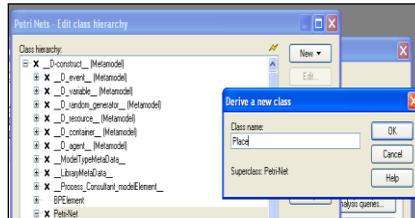
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## Create Classes

Scenario: Create classes namely "Petri-Nets", "Place" and "Transition"

1. Open the „Class hierarchy“ for the Dynamic library.
2. Activate the “Metamodel” then “class hierarchy” .
3. Add the class „Petri-Nets“ derived from the super class „\_\_D-construct\_\_“.
- 4a. Add the class „Place“ derived from the super class „Petri-Nets“.
- 4b. Add the class „Transition“ derived from the super class „Petri-Nets“.



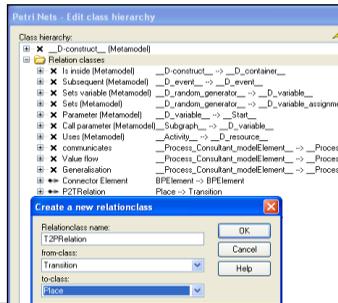
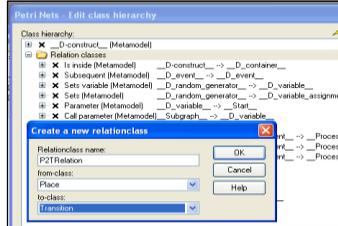
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## Create Relation Classes

Scenario: Create relation classes namely "P2TRelation" and "T2PRelation"

1. Open the „Class hierarchy“ for the Dynamic library.
2. Activate the “Metamodel” then “class hierarchy”
- 3a. Add the relation class „P2TRelation“ under „Relation classes“
- 4a. Assign class “Place” as “from-class” and class “Transition” as “to-class”
- 3b. Add the relation class „T2PRelation“ under „Relation classes“
- 4b. Assign class “Transition” as “from-class” and class “Place” as “to-class”



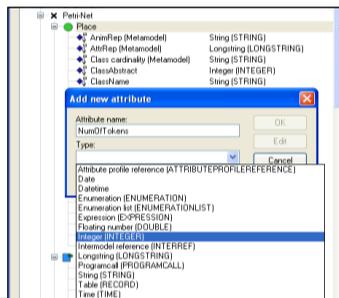
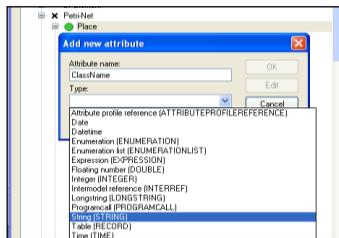
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## Create Attributes of Class “Place”

Scenario: Create attributes of class “Place” namely “ClassName”, “NumOfTokens” and in type of “STRING”, “INTEGER” respectively.

1. Open the „Class hierarchy“ for the Dynamic library.
2. Activate the “Metamodel” then “class hierarchy”
3. Select the class “Place”
4. Click “New attribute”
- 5a. Create attribute “ClassName” in type of “STRING”
- 5b. Create attribute “NumOfTokens” in type of “INTEGER”



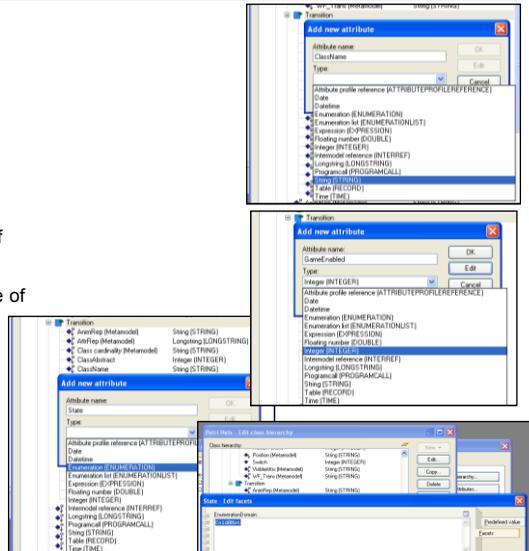
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## Create Attributes of Class "Transition"

**Scenario:** Create attributes of class "Transition" namely "ClassName", "GameEnabled" and "State" in type of "STRING", "INTEGER" and "ENUMERATION" respectively. Enumeration domain of "State" is "Cold or Hot".

1. Open the „Class hierarchy“ for the Dynamic library.
2. Activate the "Metamodel" then "class hierarchy"
3. Select the class "Transition"
4. Click "New attribute"
- 5a. Create attribute "ClassName" in type of "STRING"
- 5b. Create attribute "GameEnabled" in type of "INTEGER"
- 5c. Create attribute "State" in type of "ENUMERATION"
- 6c. Click edit, select "Facets" and add value "Cold@Hot" in "EnumerationDomain"



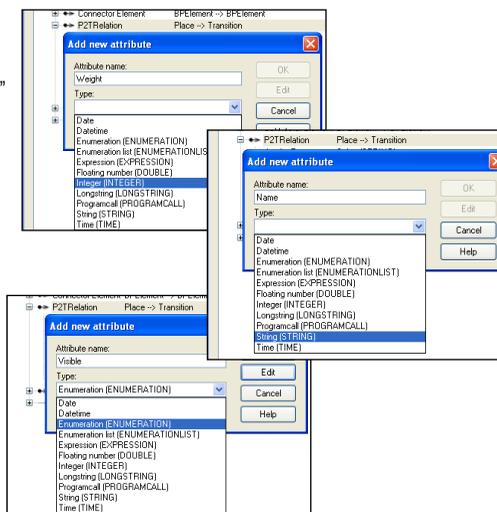
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## Create Attribute of Relations "P2TRelation" and "T2PRelation"

**Scenario:** Create attributes of relation classes "P2TRelation" and "T2PRelation" namely "Weight", "Name", "Visible" in type of "INTEGER", "STRING" and "ENUMERATION" respectively.

1. Open the „Class hierarchy“ for the Dynamic library.
2. Activate the "Metamodel" then "class hierarchy"
3. Select the relation class "P2TRelation"
4. Click "New attribute"
- 5a. Create attribute "Weight" in type of "INTEGER"
- 5b. Create attribute "Name" in type of "STRING"
- 5c. Create attribute "Visible" in type of "ENUMERATION", select "Facets" and add value "Yes@No" in "EnumerationDomain"
6. Repeat steps 3-5b for relation class "T2PRelation"



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## Graphical Representation of Place



**Scenario:** Tokens shall be shown as black ellipses as many as the number defined in attribute "NumOfTokens" until the number smaller than 6, else they shall be shown in form of number

```

GRAPHREP
PEN w:0.05cm
FILL color:limegreen
ELLIPSE 3 x1:-.7cm rx:.7cm ry:.7cm
ATTR "Name" y:.8cm w:c:2.8cm h:t
AVAL no:"NumOfTokens"
    
```

```

IF ( no = "0" )
FILL color:limegreen
ELLIPSE 4 x1:-.7cm rx:.7cm ry:.7cm
    
```



Place-0

```

ELSIF ( no = "1" )
FILL color:black
ELLIPSE x:0cm rx:.15cm ry:.15cm
    
```



Place-1

```

ELSIF ( no = "2" )
FILL color:black
ELLIPSE x:-.2cm rx:.15cm ry:.15cm
ELLIPSE x:.2cm rx:.15cm ry:.15cm
    
```



Place-2

```

ELSIF ( no = "3" )
FILL color:black
ELLIPSE x:-.2cm y:-.1cm rx:.15cm ry:.15cm
ELLIPSE x:.2cm y:-.1cm rx:.15cm ry:.15cm
ELLIPSE y:.3cm rx:.15cm ry:.15cm
    
```



Place-3

```

ELSIF ( no = "4" )
FILL color:black
ELLIPSE x:-.27cm y:0cm rx:.15cm ry:.15cm
ELLIPSE x:.27cm y:0cm rx:.15cm ry:.15cm
ELLIPSE y:.3cm rx:.15cm ry:.15cm
ELLIPSE y:-.3cm rx:.15cm ry:.15cm
    
```



Place-4

```

ELSIF ( no = "5" )
FILL color:black
ELLIPSE x:-.34cm y:0cm rx:.15cm ry:.15cm
ELLIPSE x:.34cm y:0cm rx:.15cm ry:.15cm
ELLIPSE y:.34cm rx:.15cm ry:.15cm
ELLIPSE y:-.34cm rx:.15cm ry:.15cm
ELLIPSE x:0cm y:0cm rx:.15cm ry:.15cm
    
```



Place-5

```

ELSE
ATTR "NumOfTokens" y:-.2cm w:c:2.8 cm h:t
ELLIPSE x:0cm y:0cm rx:.15cm ry:.15cm
    
```



Place-6

```

ENDIF
    
```

## Graphical Representation of Transition



**Scenario:** Tokens shall be shown as black ellipses as many as the number defined in attribute "NumOfTokens" until the number smaller than 6, else they shall be shown in form of number

```

GRAPHREP
PEN w:0.05cm
    
```

```

FILL color: dodgerblue
RECTANGLE 3 x:-1.4cm y:-.7cm x2:.7cm w:1.4cm h:1.5cm
    
```

```

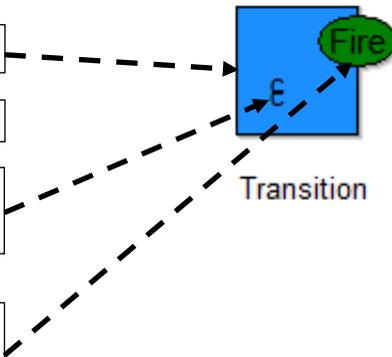
ATTR "Name" y:1.2cm x:-0.6cm w:c h:t
AVAL s:"State"
    
```

```

IF (s="Cold")
TEXT "c" y:0cm x:-1.0cm h:t
TEXT "c" y:0.12cm x:-1.0cm h:t
ENDIF
    
```

```

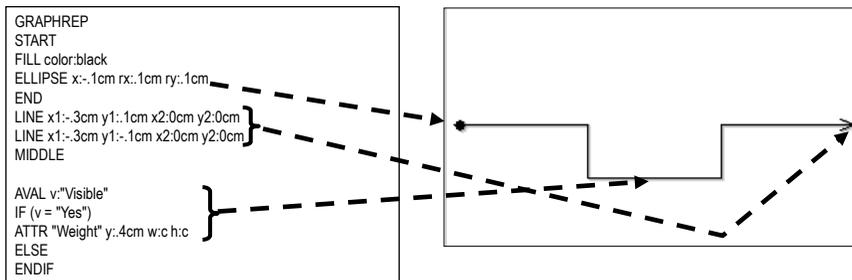
FILL color:green
ELLIPSE x:0cm y:-0.3cm rx:0.45cm ry:0.3cm
FONT h:0.4cm
TEXT "Fire" x:0cm y:-0.26cm w:c h:c
    
```



## Graphical Representation of Relations “P2TRelation” and “T2PRelation”



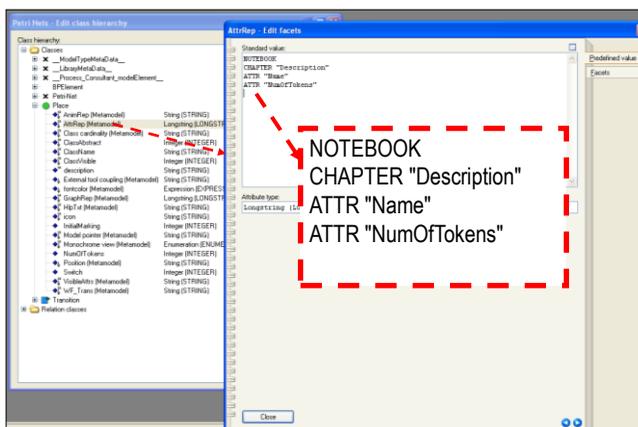
**Scenario:** Represent at the start of relation black ellipse and at the end a arrow. If attribute “Visible” set as “Yes” show the weight of Relation.



## Notebook Definition of “Place”

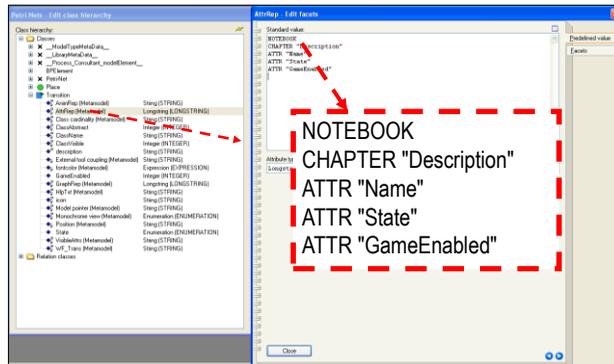


1. Open attribute “AttrRep” of class “Place” to define the attribute representation
2. Write ATTRREP code to provide a notation for the class



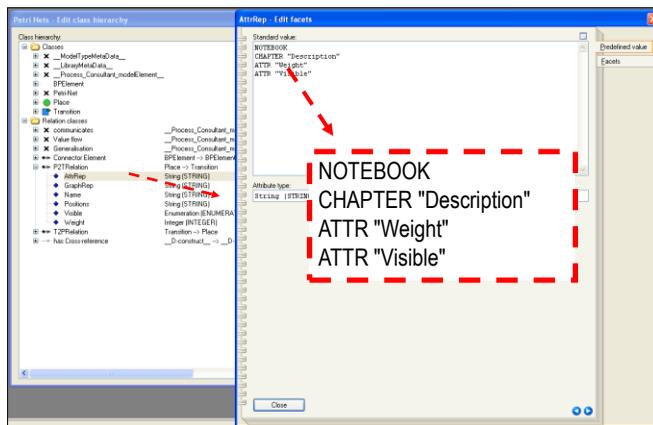
## Notebook Definition of "Transition"

1. Open attribute "AttrRep" of class "Transition" to define the attribute representation
2. Write ATTRREP code to provide a notation for the class



## Notebook Definition of "P2TRelation" and "T2PRelation"

1. Open attribute "AttrRep" of class "Transition" to define the attribute representation
2. Write ATTRREP code to provide a notation for the class



## Simulation Algorithm

**Simulation:** execution of a Petri Nets ( consumption /production of Tokens)

- **Fast Simulation**
- **Step by Step Simulation**

**Fast simulation partial pseudo code:**

```
Take number of iterations
For (number of iterations)
{
  For (number of transition)
  {
    Select randomly a transition
    Enable this transition for simulation
    Find all Place2TransitionArcs of this transition
    For (all Places which are related to this transition with
    Place2TransitionArc)
    {
      If (number of tokens of Place >= weight of Place2TransitionArc)
      {
        Set number of tokens of Place: number of tokens of Place –
        weight of Place2TransitionArc
      }
      Else
      {
```

## Simulation Algorithm

**Get number of iteration**

```
267 CC "AdoScript" EDITFIELD caption: "Iterations" title: "Number of Iterations"
268 SET executions: (VAL text)
269
```

**Select transition randomly**

```
280 FOR j from: 0 to: (numoftransitions -1)
281 {
282   # Random Selection
283   SET r: (0.0)
284   SET r: (random()*numoftransitions -1)
285   SET s: (INT ceil(r))
286   SET transitionId: (token(transitionIds, s, " "))
287
```

**Enable selected transition**

```
288 # Enable a Transition
289 CC "Core" SET_ATTR_VAL objid: (VAL transitionId) attrid: (isEnabledId) val: (1)
290 # Assign current value to the isEnabled variable
291 SET isEnabled: (1)
292
```

## Simulation Algorithm

Choose all incoming relations of transition

```
293 # Choose all the incoming Relations
294 CC "Core" GET_CONNECTORS objid:(VAL transitionId) in
295 SET incomingFlowRelationsIds: (objids)
```

Check weight of if number of tokens in places from where incoming relation comes bigger than the weight of relation. If yes disable the transition.

```
297 FOR incomingFlowRelationsId in:(incomingFlowRelationsIds)
298 {
299     # Get the Ids of the EndPoints of the FlowRelations
300     CC "Core" GET_CONNECTOR_ENDPOINTS objid:(VAL incomingFlowRelationsId)
301
302     # Get the Number Of Tokens of the Place
303     CC "Core" GET_ATTR_VAL objid:(fromobjid) attrid:(numberOfTokenId)
304     SET placeNumberOfToken:(val)
305
306     # Get the weight of the incoming connector
307     CC "Core" GET_ATTR_VAL objid:(VAL incomingFlowRelationsId) attrid:(p2TWeightId)
308     SET incomingFlowRelationsWeight:(val)
309
310     IF(placeNumberOfToken < incomingFlowRelationsWeight)
311     {
312         # Disable Transition
313         CC "Core" SET_ATTR_VAL objid:(VAL transitionId) attrid:(isEnabledId) val:(0)
314         # Assign the current value to the isEnabled variable
315         SET isEnabled:(0)
316         BREAK
317     }
```

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## Simulation Algorithm

Check weight of if number of tokens in places from where incoming relation comes bigger than the weight of relation. If yes consume tokens from the place.

```
327
328
329 FOR incomingFlowRelationsId in:(incomingFlowRelationsIds)
330 {
331     # Get the Ids of the EndPoints of the FlowRelations
332     CC "Core" GET_CONNECTOR_ENDPOINTS objid:(VAL incomingFlowRelationsId)
333
334     # Get the Number Of Tokens of the Place
335     CC "Core" GET_ATTR_VAL objid:(fromobjid) attrid:(numberOfTokenId)
336     SET placeNumberOfToken:(val)
337
338     # Get the weight of the incoming connector
339     CC "Core" GET_ATTR_VAL objid:(VAL incomingFlowRelationsId) attrid:(p2TWeightId)
340     SET incomingFlowRelationsWeight:(val)
341
342     IF(placeNumberOfToken >= incomingFlowRelationsWeight)
343     {
344         # Delete the consumed Token
345         CC "Core" SET_ATTR_VAL objid:(fromobjid) attrid:(numberOfTokenId) val:(placeNumberOfToken - incomingFlowRelationsWeight)
346     }
347 }
```

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## Simulation Algorithm

Choose all outgoing relation of transition

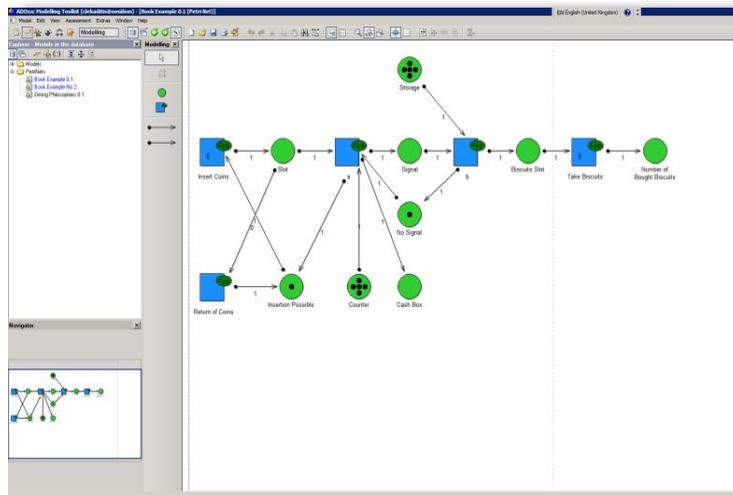
```
348  
349 # Choose all the outgoing Relations  
350 CC "Core" GET_CONNECTORS objid:(VAL transitionId) out  
351
```

Add new tokens to places to where outgoing relations go.

```
349 # Choose all the outgoing Relations  
350 CC "Core" GET_CONNECTORS objid:(VAL transitionId) out  
351  
352 # Add the newly produced Token  
353 FOR outgoingFlowRelationsId in:(objids)  
354 {  
355 # Get the weight of the incoming connector  
356 CC "Core" GET_ATTR_VAL objid:(VAL outgoingFlowRelationsId) attrid:(t2PWeightId)  
357 SET outgoingFlowRelationsWeight:(val)  
358 # Get the Ids of the EndPoints of the FlowRelations  
359 CC "Core" GET_CONNECTOR_ENDPOINTS objid:(VAL outgoingFlowRelationsId)  
360  
361 # Get the Number Of Tokens of the Place  
362 CC "Core" GET_ATTR_VAL objid:(toobjid) attrid:(numberOfTokenId)  
363 SET placeNumberOfToken:(val)  
364 # Add the newly produced Token  
365 CC "Core" SET_ATTR_VAL objid:(toobjid) attrid:(numberOfTokenId) val:(placeNumberOfToken + outgoingFlowRelationsWeight)  
366  
367  
368 }
```

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## Live Demo

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For more details visit OMI Website



The screenshot shows the website for the Petri Nets simulation tool. At the top, there is a navigation bar with links for 'Method Overview', 'Link & File', 'Download Books', 'Author Blog', and 'Members'. The main content area features a diagram of a Petri net with places and transitions. Below the diagram is the title 'Petri Nets: A Simulation Tool'. The text describes the project's goal: to implement a simulation tool for Petri nets, providing users with the ability to describe or study information systems. It mentions that the tool is based on the book 'Petri Nets' by Wolfgang Reisig. A list of functionalities is provided, including modeling, reliability analysis, step-by-step simulation, and format transformation. A small image of a Petri net example is also shown.

<http://www.openmodels.at/web/petrinets/home>

To use Petri Nets Simulation Tool download "Remote Access Use" from website of OMI

Further Questions?



[tutorial@adoxx.org](mailto:tutorial@adoxx.org)